# **Monitoring via MQTT**

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Router monitoring via MQTT Linux guide applies to TRB devices and to RUT, TCR routers.

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### Introduction

**MQTT (MQ Telemetry Transport or Message Queue Telemetry Transport)** is an ISO standard (ISO/IEC PRF 20922) publish-subscribe-based messaging protocol. It works on top of the TCP/IP protocol. It is designed for connections with remote locations where a "small code footprint" is required or the network bandwidth is limited. The publish-subscribe messaging pattern requires a message broker.

This article provides a guide on how to configure and use a basic MQTT setup on TRB devices and on RUT, TCR routers.

## **How MQTT works**

In general an MQTT connection takes place between two Clients and a Broker. A TRB device and RUT/TCR router can be Broker, Client or both. The MQTT Publisher(Client) present in TRB devices and RUT/TCR routers subscribes to two topics by default: <TYPE>/get and get/<SERIAL>/command. Where <TYPE> is device type, for RUT/TCR routers type is router and for TRB devices type is device. Parameter <SERIAL> is the router's serial number. When a third party client connects to the Broker, it sends the message id to the topic <TYPE>/get. The publisher then sends a response containing its serial number to the topic <TYPE>/id. Now that the Client knows the router's or device's serial number it can ask for values of various parameters by sending requests to the topic <TYPE>/<SERIAL>/parameter\_name. The MQTT Publisher can send responses containing values of these system parameters, if device supports that parameter:

Parameter name	Parameter description	Supported devices
id		RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUT1, RUTM
temperature	1 9	RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUT1, RUTM

**operator** Current operator's name RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB1,

TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUTM

signalSignal strength in dBmRUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB1,

TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUTM

**network** Network state RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB1,

TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUTM

connection Current connection type (2G, 3G, 4G) RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB1,

TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUTM

wan WAN IP address RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB1,

TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUT1, RUTM

**uptime** System uptime in seconds RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB1,

TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUT1, RUTM

name Device's device code RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TCR1, TRB1,

TRB2, TRB5, OTD, RUT1, RUTM

digital1Value of digital input no. 1RUT9digital2Value of digital input no. 2RUT9

**analog** Value of analog RUT9, TRB141

pin2 Value of 2's pin state TRB2

**pin3** Value of 3's pin state RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TRB1, TRB2,

TRB5, RUTM

pin4 Value of 4's pin state RUT2, RUT9, RUTX, RUT3, TRB1, TRB2,

TRB5, RUT

After the client sends a message containing of these parameters, the Publisher will send a response message containing the value of the requested parameter to the topic

<TYPE>/<SERIAL>/parameter\_name, where parameter\_name is the name of the requested
parameter. The scheme below shows example of how to get parameters on RUT routers.



It should also be noted that, according to the MQTT protocol, topic names are case-sensitive. For instance, topic *router* is not the same as topic *RoUtEr*.

## Configuring the device

This section will provide an explanation on how to configure an MQTT Broker and MQTT Publisher on a TRB devices and on RUT/TCR routers.

#### **Broker**

Basic (not counting Security, Bridge and Miscellaneous Broker settings) Broker configuration only contains three fields. Make sure to **Enable** the Broker and specify a **Port** for connection to the Broker. **Enable Remote Access** if you wish to connect to your router remotely (via WAN). Although in this case your router would need to have a Public IP address. In image below is presented how to configure RUT9xx routers:



Configuration for a TRB device and a RUT/TCR router looks like this:



### **Publisher**

Publisher configuration is similar in its simplicity to the Broker configuration. Make sure to **Enable** the Publisher and specify a **Port** for connection to a Broker. If you plan on using the router's Broker, specify the same port as the one in the Broker Settings section. **Hostname** is the Broker's host name or IP address. If you're using the router's Broker, specify your router's LAN IP address. **Username** and **Password** are optional and depend on the type of security (if any) that the Broker uses. In image below is presented how configure RUT9xx routers:



Configuration for a TRB device and a RUT/TCR router looks like this:



**NOTE**: If you are configuring a TRB device, default hostname is 192.168.2.1.

## Configuring the PC

Once the Broker is up, you'll need to install **Mosquitto** and **Mosquitto Clients** on your PC. To do so, open the Linux **Terminal** app and enter this command:

\$ sudo apt-get install mosquitto mosquitto-clients

**NOTE**: this software was chosen because it suits the needs of this example and is easily accessible to most users. It is not the only application compatible with RUT MQTT, so if you're using your own software for your solution, it is not mandatory to install this.

## **Subscribing and Publishing**

Now you can use set up Brokers and Clients on your PC. In order to Publish commands and Subscribe to topics on a TRB series devices and RUT/TCR routers, you'll need to know the device's **Serial Number** and **TYPE**. For TRB series device's you'll need to use type: **device** and for RUT/TCR router's you'll need to use type: **router**. Router's serial number you can find in the **Status** → **Device** section of the router's WebUI. For TRB series devices serial number you can find in the **Status** → **System** section of the device WebUI. Or you can subscribe to the topic **TYPE**/**id** and publish the message **id** to the topic **TYPE**/**get**. To do so, enter these commands in separate Terminal windows:

### **Subscribe:**

```
$ mosquitto sub -h 192.168.1.1 -p 1833 -u user -P pass -t <TYPE>/id
```

#### **Publish:**

\$ mosquitto pub -h 192.168.1.1 -p 1833 -u user -P pass -t <TYPE>/get -m id

In image below is presented example of how to get RUT router serial number:



**mosquitto\_sub** command is used to subscribe to a certain topic(s) and **mosquitto\_pub** command is used to publish messages to specified topics. **-m** defines the message that you're publishing

- -h indicates the host (the Broker's IP address) which, continuing from the example above, is 192.168.1.1. Replace this value with your router's LAN IP address or, if you're using MQTT remotely, your WAN IP address.
- **-p** indicates the port used for connection to the Broker. Replace it with the port number that you specified in the Broker configuration.
- -u and -P specify the username and password. If the Broker doesn't require authentication, these values aren't mandatory. Else replace them with the log in information of your Broker.
- **-t** specifies the **topics** that you subscribe or publish to.

Now that we have the using device's serial number we can start publishing messages and receiving responses containing the device's system parameter values. Lets say we want to monitor the device's signal strength and up time values. In order to do that we'll need to subscribe to the topics router/<SERIAL>/signal and router/<SERIAL>/uptime using the mosquitto\_sub command. Again, replace the values given in the commands below with the ones in your configuration:

#### **Subscribe:**

```
$ mosquitto_sub -h 192.168.1.1 -p 1833 -u user -P pass -t
router/<SERIAL>/signal -t router/<SERIAL>/uptime
```

### **Publish:**

```
$ mosquitto_pub -h 192.168.1.1 -p 1833 -u user -P pass -t router/get -m
signal
$ mosquitto_pub -h 192.168.1.1 -p 1833 -u user -P pass -t router/get -m
uptime
```

In example below you can see how to subscribe and publish to the topics **signal strength** and **uptime** on RUT/TCR routers:



### **External links**

https://mosquitto.org/ - Eclipse Mosquitto official website