

RUTX10 Serial Utilities

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Summary

The **Serial Utilities** page is used to make serial communication configurations of different types. This manual page provides an overview of the Serial Utilities page in RUTX10 devices.

Console

Console mode requires no further configuration than the settings above and is used as a direct-access method to the device's shell interface. For this purpose you may want use such applications as PuTTY on Windows and microcom, minicom, picocom or similar applications on Linux.



Field	Value	Description
Enable	off on; default: off	Turns the instance on or off.
Name	string; default: none	Instance name, generated by the user when first creating the configuration.
Device	USB RS232 interface; default: USB RS232 interface	Specifies which serial port will be used for serial communication.
Baud rate	integer [300..3000000]; default: 9600	Data rate for serial data transmission (in bits per second (bps)).
Data bits	8; default: 8	Number of data bits for each character.

Stop bits	1 2; default: 1	Stop bits sent at the end of every character allow the receiving signal hardware to detect the end of a character and to resynchronize with the character stream. Electronic devices usually use one stop bit. Two stop bits are required if slow electromechanical devices are used.
Parity	None Odd Even Mark Space; default: None	<p>In serial transmission, parity is a method of detecting errors. An extra data bit is sent with each data character, arranged so that the number of 1 bits in each character, including the parity bit, is always odd or always even. If a byte is received with the wrong number of 1s, then it must have been corrupted. However, an even number of errors can pass the parity check.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None (N) - no parity method is used. • Odd (O) - the parity bit is set so that the number of "logical ones (1s)" has to be odd. • Even (E) - the parity bit is set so that the number of "logical ones (1s)" has to be even.
Flow control	None; default: None	In many circumstances a transmitter might be able to send data faster than the receiver is able to process it. To cope with this, serial lines often incorporate a "handshaking" method, usually distinguished between hardware and software handshaking.

Over IP

The **Over IP** serial type is used to manage serial connections over a TCP/IP network.

Serial Device Configuration

Configure serial port communication parameters in the **Serial Device Configuration** section.



Field	Value	Description
Enable	off on; default: off	Turns the instance on or off.
Name	string; default: none	Instance name, generated by the user when first creating the configuration.
Device	USB RS232 interface; default: USB RS232 interface	Specifies which serial port will be used for serial communication.
Baud rate	integer [300..3000000]; default: 9600	Data rate for serial data transmission (in bits per second (bps)).
Data bits	8; default: 8	Number of data bits for each character.
Stop bits	1 2; default: 1	Stop bits sent at the end of every character allow the receiving signal hardware to detect the end of a character and to resynchronise with the character stream. Electronic devices usually use one stop bit. Two stop bits are required if slow electromechanical devices are used.

Parity	None Odd Even Mark Space; default: None	<p>In serial transmission, parity is a method of detecting errors. An extra data bit is sent with each data character, arranged so that the number of 1 bits in each character, including the parity bit, is always odd or always even. If a byte is received with the wrong number of 1s, then it must have been corrupted. However, an even number of errors can pass the parity check.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None (N) - no parity method is used. • Odd (O) - the parity bit is set so that the number of "logical ones (1s)" has to be odd. • Even (E) - the parity bit is set so that the number of "logical ones (1s)" has to be even.
Flow control	None; default: None	<p>In many circumstances a transmitter might be able to send data faster than the receiver is able to process it. To cope with this, serial lines often incorporate a "handshaking" method, usually distinguished between hardware and software handshaking.</p>

Over IP Configuration Settings

You can configure network related parameters of the serial connection in the **Over IP Configuration** section.



	Field	Value	Description
Mode		Server Client Client + server Bidirect ; default: Server	This device's role in the connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Server - the device waits for incoming connections. • Client - the device initiates the connection. • Client + server - launches service in server and client(s) mode simultaneously. • Bidirect - acts as client by default but waits for incoming connections at the same time.
Protocol		TCP UDP ; default: TCP	Protocol used in the communication process.
	Client: Destination address	IP Port; default: empty	Specify server address and port for client to connect to. E.g first field for address second for port. 16 destination addresses are allowed.
	Server: UDP: Predefined addresses	IP Port; default: empty	Set predefined IP and port for UDP connection. E.g first field for address second for port.

Listening port [1..65535]; default: **empty** When enabled, all data will be transmitted transparently.



Field	Value	Description
Use TLS/SSL	off on; default: off	Mark to use TLS/SSL for connection.
TLS version	Support all tlsv1.0 tlsv1.1 tlsv1.2 tlsv1.3; default: Support all	Minimum TLS version allowed to be used.
TLS type	Certificate based Pre-Shared-Key based ; default: Certificate based	Select the type of TLS encryption.
Require certificate	off on; default: on	Demand certificate and key from peer and verify them against certificate authority.
Verify host	off on; default: off	Check if the server certificates Common Name (CN) matches hostname to which client is connecting.
Certificate files from device	off on; default: off	Choose this option if you want to select certificate files from device. Certificate files can be generated here .
Certificate file	.crt file; default: none	Upload certificate file.
Key file	.key file; default: none	Upload key file.
CA file	.ca file; default: none	Upload CA file.
Pre-Shared-Key	string; default: none	The pre-shared-key in hex format with no leading "0x".
Identify	string; default: none	Specify the identity.



Field	Value	Description
Raw mode	off on; default: on	When enabled, all data will be transmitted transparently.
Remove all zeros	off on; default: off	When checked, indicates that the first hex zeros should be skipped.
Inactivity timeout	integer [0..36000]; default: 300	Specifies period of time in seconds, where server connection must be inactive, to disconnect client. To disable timeout input 0.
Serial timeout	integer [0..1000]; default: none	Specifies the maximum milliseconds to wait for serial data.
Max clients	integer [1..32]; default: 4	Specify how many clients are allowed to connect simultaneously.

TCP echo	on off; default: off	Enable software TCP echo.
Close connections	on off; default: off	Close TCP connections everytime data is sent or received (might result in serial data loss).
Keep alive	on off; default: off	Enable keep alive.
Keep alive time	integer [0..32000]; default: 0	Close TCP connections everytime data is sent or received (might result in serial data loss).
Keep alive interval	integer [0..32000]; default: 0	The interval between subsequential keepalive probes.
Keep alive probes	integer [0..32000]; default: 0	The number of unacknowledged probes.

IP Filter

The **IP Filter** section is used for configuring which network is allowed to communicate with the device. You may add a new instance by selecting the Interface and pressing Add.



Then enter the IP address and save.

