RUTX12 Powering Options

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This chapter contains information on **powering options** supported by RUTX12 routers.

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Power socket

The router has a 4 pin power socket and can be powered by a **9-50 VDC** power supply unit (PSU). Refer to the image below for the power socket's pinout information:

Power socket pinout

No.	Description	Wire color	
1	Power	Red	×
2	Ground	Black	
3	Input	Green	
4	Output	White	

If you decide not to use the standard 9 VDC wall adapter and want to power the device from a higher voltage (15-50 VDC), please make sure that you choose a power supply of high quality. Some power supplies can produce voltage peaks significantly higher than the declared output voltage, especially during connection and disconnection.

While the device is designed to accept input voltage of up to 50 VDC peaks, high voltage power supplies can harm the device. If you want to use high voltage power supplies it is recommended to also use additional safety equipment to suppress voltage peaks from the power supply.

Passive PoE

The device may also be powered by an Ethernet cable via the **LAN1** port: **(Do not use in other ports!)**



• The device is **NOT COMPLIANT** with the IEEE 802.3af-2003 standard: powering the device from an IEEE 802.3af-2003 power supply **will damage the device** as it is not rated for input

voltages of the PoE standard.

• The device is **NOT COMPLIANT** with the IEEE 802.3at standard: it cannot power other devices over Ethernet.

RJ45 pinout: 10/100 Pins on plug face (socket Pin mode B, DC T568A Color T568B Color is reversed) on spares 1 TX+white/green stripe white/orange stripe × 2 TXgreen solid orange solid 3 RX+ white/orange stripe white/green stripe 9-50 × 4 DC+ blue solid blue solid VDC × 9-50 × 5 DC+ white/blue stripe **VDC** white/blue stripe 6 RXorange solid green solid 7 DCwhite/brown stripe white/brown stripe 8 DCbrown solid brown solid

Simultaneous powering

The device can be powered from the power socket and over Ethernet simultaneously. The power socket has higher priority meaning that the device will draw power from the power socket as long as it is available.

When the device is switching from one power source to another it loses power for a fraction of a second and may reboot. The device will function correctly after the reboot.

Ground loops

Do not connect the power supply negative terminal of our device to the chassis or earth exclusively.

This connection could cause ground loops. For example, if the antenna shield and power supply negative terminal are connected to the chassis or earth, it forms a ground loop, therefore unwanted current could flow through a device PCB ground and may cause damage.

