Template:Networking rut9xx manual input output cli

You can control and monitor input and output values via a <u>command line interface (CLI)</u> with the *gpio.sh* command. You can execute this command without any additional options to get usage syntax examples:

Where:

- **DIN1** Digital input
- **DOUT1** Digital output

For example, to get the status of the digital output use the following command:

```
root@Teltonika:~# gpio.sh get DOUT1
0
```

The return value **0** means that the output is in **Inactive** (**Low level**), i.e., **OFF**. You can turn it **ON** (**Active** (**High level**)) by setting its value to **1**:

```
root@Teltonika:~# gpio.sh set DOUT1
root@Teltonika:~# gpio.sh get DOUT1
1
```

As seen in the example above, you can change the value of an output by using the *invert* command, which simply turns the current value of the specified output and turns it into its opposite state.