Template: Networking rut manual gps

The information in this page is updated in accordance with firmware version.

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Summary

The **Global Positioning System** (**GPS**) is a space-based radionavigation system. This page is an overview of the GPS service in $\{\{\{name\}\}\}\}$ routers.

Map

The **Map** page displays the device's current coordinates and position on the map. To see the device's location on the map, make sure to attach the GPS antenna on the router and enable GPS in the [[{{{name}}}_GPS#General|General]] page.

The figure below is an example of the Map page:



General

The **General** section is used to enable the GPS service and the support for different types satellites. Once you turn on GPS, you can check the [[{{{name}}}_GPS#Map|Map]] page in order to see if the router has obtained a GPS fix. It is very important to attach the GPS antenna on the router and place it outside (not inside of a building). The router will not be likely to obtain a GPS fix otherwise.

The figure below is an example of the General page and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that page:



Field	Value	Description
Enabled	yes no; default: no	Turns the GPS service on or off.
Galileo NMEA support*	yes no; default: no	Turns support for Galileo satellites on or off.
Glonass NMEA support*	yes no; default: no	$\label{thm:condition} \mbox{Turns support for Glonass satellites on or off.}$
BeiDou NMEA support*	yes no; default: no	Turns support for BeiDou satellites on or off.

^{*}Changing these options requires a modem reboot. Therefore, if you make changes to these options and save them, the router will lose cellular connectivity for about 30 seconds.

NMEA

The **NMEA** page is used to configure settings related to NMEA sentence collecting and forwarding.

NMEA forwarding

The **NMEA forwarding** section is used to configure and enable NMEA forwarding. The figure below is an example of the NMEA forwarding section and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that section:



Field	Value	Description
Enabled	yes no; default: no	Turns NMEA forwarding on or off
Hostname	ip host; default: 192.168.1.5	IP address or hostname of the server to which NMEA data will be forwarded
Port	integer [065535]; default: 8500	Port number off the server to which NMEA data will be forwarded
Protocol	TCP UDP; default: TCP	Protocol that will be used to send NMEA data
Contain Connection	yes no; default: no	Contain active session with a remote server

NMEA forwarding cache

The router caches NMEA forwarding information if NMEA forwarding is enabled. This section is

used to select the memory type where the cache will be stored and the maximum amount of data that will be saved:



Field	Value	Description
Type	ram flash; default: ram	Selects which type of memory will be used for storing NMEA forwarding cache.
Maximum sentences	integer; default: 5000	Maximum amount of NMEA sentences that will be saved in the cache before older entries are deleted and replaced by new ones.
File	filepath; default: none	Location of the file where NMEA forwarding cache information will be stored. This field becomes visible only when the selected memory type is "flash".

NMEA collecting

The NMEA collecting section is used to enable NMEA sentence gathering and storing. The figure below is an example of the NMEA collecting section and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that section:



Field	Value	Description
Enabled y	res no; default: no	Turns NMEA sentence collecting on or off.
Location f	ilepath; default: none	Location of the file where NMEA sentences will be stored. This field becomes visible only when NMEA collecting is enabled.

NMEA sentence settings

The **NMEA sentence settings** section provides the possibility to configure which NMEA sentences will be forwarded or collected and at what frequency. The figure below is an example of the NMEA sentence settings section and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that section:



Field	Value	Description
Forwarding enabled	yes no; default: ${f no}$	Enables forwarding for the adjacent NMEA sentence.
Forwarding interval	integer; default: 5	NMEA sentence forwarding frequency in seconds.
Collecting enabled	yes no; default: no	Enables collecting for the adjacent NMEA sentence.
Collecting interval	integer; default: 5	NMEA sentence collecting frequency in seconds.

NMEA sentence reference table:

NMEA sentence name		Description
GPGSV	Number of GPS satellites in view.	
GPGGA	GPS fix data.	
GPVTG	Track made good and speed relative to the ground	

GPGSA GPS DOP and active satellites. GLGSA GLONASS DOP and active satellites. GLGSV Number of GLONASS satellites in view. GNGNS GNGNS GNSS position fix from more than one constellation (e.g., GPS + GLONASS). GAGSV Number of Galileo satellites in view. PQGSV Detailed satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences). PQGSA Overall satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences).	GPRMC	Recommended minimum specific GPS/Transit data.
GLGSV Number of GLONASS satellites in view. GNGNS GNSS position fix from more than one constellation (e.g., GPS + GLONASS). GAGSV Number of Galileo satellites in view. PQGSV Detailed satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences).	GPGSA	GPS DOP and active satellites.
GNGNS GNSS position fix from more than one constellation (e.g., GPS + GLONASS). GAGSV Number of Galileo satellites in view. PQGSV Detailed satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences).	GLGSA	GLONASS DOP and active satellites.
GAGSV Number of Galileo satellites in view. PQGSV Detailed satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences).	GLGSV	Number of GLONASS satellites in view.
PQGSV Detailed satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences).	GNGNS	GNSS position fix from more than one constellation (e.g., GPS + GLONASS).
•	GAGSV	Number of Galileo satellites in view.
PQGSA Overall satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences).	PQGSV	Detailed satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences).
	PQGSA	Overall satellite data (used in BeiDou sentences).

HTTPS

The **HTTPS** page can be used to configure data sending to an HTTP(S) server.

HTTPS/HTTP Server Settings

The **HTTPS/HTTP Server Settings** section is used to enable GPS data sending to an HTTP or HTTPS server:



Field	Value	Description
Enabled	l yes no; default: no	Turns data sending to an HTTP/HTTPS server on or off.
URL	ip host; default: 192.168.1. 5	IP address or hostname of the HTTP/HTTPS server.

TAVL Settings

The **TAVL Settings** section is used to select which data will be sent to the TAVL server:



Field	Value	Description
Send GSM signal	yes no; default: no	Includes GSM signal strength information in the GPS data sent to server. $$
Send analog input	yes no; default: no	Includes analog input state in GPS data package to be sent to server.
Send digital input (1)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #1 state in the GPS data sent to server.
Send digital input (2)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #2 state in GPS data package to be sent to server.

AVL

The AVL page is used to set up GPS data sending to an AVL server.

AVL Server Settings

The AVL Server Settings section is used to configure the main parameters of data sending to an

AVL server. The figure below is an example of the AVL Server Settings section and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that section:



Field	Value	Description
Enabled	yes no; default: no	Turns data sending to AVL server on or off.
Retry on Fail	yes no; default: no	Specifies whether to keep attempting a connection in case one fails.
Hostname	ip host; default: 192.168.1.5	IP address or hostname of an AVL server.
Port	integer [065535]; default: 8501	TCP/UDP port number of the AVL server to which the router will be connecting.
Protocol	TCP UDP; default: TCP	Protocol that will be used for communication with the AVL server.
Don't Contain Connection	yes no; default: no	When turned on, closes the TCP/UDP socket each time after transferring data.

Main rule

The **Main rule** section defines how and when GPS data will be collected and sent to a specified AVL server. Refer to the figure and table below for information on the configuration fields of Main Rule.



Field	Value	Description
Enable	yes no; default: yes	Turns the main rule on or off.
Rule priority	Low priority level High priority level Panic priority level Security priority level; default: Low priority level	The rule's priority. Different priority settings add different flags to event packets, so they can be displayed differently in the receiving system. The router sends data of higher priority first. Priority levels from highest to lowest are as follows: 1. Security 2. Panic 3. High 4. Low
Collect period	integer [1999999]; default: 50	How often (in seconds) data will be collected.
Min distance	integer [1999999]; default: 50	Minimum distance change (in meters) before sending records.
Min angle	integer [1360]; default: 50	Minimum angle change (in degrees) before sending records.
Min saved records	integer [132]; default: 20	Minimum amount of gathered records before sending.
Send period	integer [0999999]; default: 20	How often (in seconds) gathered data is sent.

Secondary Rules

The **Secondary rules** section provides you with the possibility to create additional data sending rules. The difference from the main rule is that the secondary rules only send data when the router uses a specified type of WAN and when the digital isolated output is in the specified state.

Refer to the figure and table below for information on the configuration fields of the Secondary rules section.



Field	Value	Description
Enable	yes no; default: yes	Turns the rule on or off.
WAN	Mobile Both Mobile Home Mobile Roaming WiFi Wired; default: Mobile Home	Selects which type of WAN will trigger the rule.
Digital Isolated Input	Low logic level High logic level Both; default: High logic level	Selects which input state will trigger the rule.
Rule priority	Low priority level High priority level Panic priority level Security priority level; default: Low priority level	The rule's priority. Different priority settings add different flags to event packets, so they can be displayed differently in the receiving system. The router sends data of higher priority first. Priority levels from highest to lowest are as follows: 1. Security 2. Panic 3. High 4. Low
Collect period	integer [1999999]; default: 10	How often (in seconds) data will be collected.
Min distance	integer [1999999]; default: 25	Minimum distance change (in meters) before sending records.
Min angle	integer [1360]; default: 25	Minimum angle change (in degrees) before sending records.
Min saved records	integer [132]; default: 10	Minimum amount of gathered records before sending.
Send period	integer [0999999]; default: 10	How often (in seconds) gathered data is sent.

AVL Configuration

The AVL Configuration section is used to add additional secondary GPS data sending rules.



TAVL Settings

The TAVL Settings section is used to select which data will be sent to the TAVL server:



Field	Value	Description
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Send GSM signal	yes no; default: no	Includes GSM signal strength information in the GPS data sent to server.
Send analog input	yes no; default: no	Includes analog input state in GPS data package to be sent to server.
Send digital input (1)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #1 state in the GPS data sent to server.
Send digital input (2)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #2 state in GPS data package to be sent to server.
Send digital input (3)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #3 state in GPS data package to be sent to server.

AVL I/O

The $AVL\ I/O$ tab provides you with the possibility to configure input rules.

Check Analog

The **Check Analog** section is used to set how often the router checks the value of the analog input. This is relevant to input rules related to the analog input.



Input Rules

The **Input Rules** section displays existing input rules. To create a new input rule look to the section below (*AVL Input Configuration*), select input type, trigger and click the 'Add' button.

To configure an input rule click the 'Edit' button located next to it. The figure below represents a newly added rule with default settings. Refer to the table below for information on the fields contained in the input rule configuration section.



Field	Value	Description
Enable	yes no; default: no	Turns the input rule on or off.
Input type	Digital Digital isolated analog; default: Digital	Selects to which input the rule will apply.
Trigger	Input open Input shorted Both; default: Input open	The event that will trigger the rule.
Priority	Low High Panic; default: Low	The rule's priority. Different priority settings add different flags to event packets, so they can be displayed differently in the receiving system. The router sends data of higher priority first. Priority levels from highest to lowest are as follows: 1. Panic 2. High 3. Low

GPS Geofencing

A **geofence** is a virtually defined boundary for a real-world geographic area. The GPS Geofencing page provides you with the possibility to set this custom area and apply rules that will inform you when the device leaves or enters the geofence.



The figure below is an example of GPS Geofencing configuration and the table below provides information related to that configuration:



Field	Value	Description
Enable	yes no; default: no	Turns the Geofence rule on or off
Longitude (X)	degrees [-180.000000180.000000]; default: 0.000000	East-west position of a point on the Earth's surface. Combining this and the Latitude information will produce a point on the world map that will serve as the center of the geofence area.
Latitude (Y)	degrees [-90.00000090.000000]; default: 0.000000	North-south position of a point on the Earth's surface. Combining this and the Longitude information will produce a point on the world map that will serve as the center of the geofence area.
Radius	integer [1999999]; default: 200	Radius (in meters) of the geofence area.
Generate event on	Exit Enter Enter/exit; default: Exit	Specifies whether the rule should be triggered when the device enters the geofence area, leaves it or on both events.
Get current coordinates	- (interactive button)	Obtains the device's current coordinates and places them in the Longitude and Latitude fields.

See also

• [[{{{name}}}} GPS Protocols]]

[[Category:{{{name}}} Services section]]