

Cumulocity

[Main Page](#) > [IoT Platforms](#) > [IoT](#) > **Cumulocity**

Redirect to:

- [Cumulocity Configuration](#)

The **Cumulocity** is now compatible with Teltonika RUT routers.



Contents

- [1 Description](#)
- [2 Summary](#)
- [3 Creating an account](#)
- [4 Installing example application](#)
- [5 Configuring and launching example application](#)
- [6 Explanation of example application](#)
- [7 External Links](#)

Description

Cumulocity is the leading independent Device and Application Management Internet of Things (IoT) Platform since 2010. Our Internet of Things Platform connects and manages your machines effortlessly, so you can focus on your business's value adding activities.

Summary

This example application streams some information from the router device. Once it is enabled you should be able to view in Cumulocity Cockpit the following information from your router:

Device Model, Revision and Serial Number

Mobile Cell ID, ICCID, IMEI, Connection Type, Operator, Signal Strength

WAN Type and IP

Mobile and WAN information are sent from "stream" Lua script, while Device information - from stream application. This information (except Device) is being sent to the main Cumulocity server continuously: at 10 seconds interval.

Creating an account

First of all, you need to have a working Cumulocity server. After registration, you will receive Cumulocity evaluation server for 30 days. Registration form can be found at

<https://www.cumulocity.com/try-for-free>. Below you can see registration form:



Note: The value in URL field will be your Cumulocity server address.

After successful registration, you can log in by entering the same full URL you have used in registration form. In this example it is myservername.cumulocity.com. Then navigate to: <https://myservername.cumulocity.com> and after logging in, you will be redirected to Cumulocity Cockpit portal, see below:



Installing example application

First, you need to install Cumulocity. Go to System -> Package manager:



When you open package manager you will see a list of packages. You need click install on Cumulocity, see below:



Configuring and launching example application

After you successfully installed Cumulocity, in „Services“ tab there should be an option called „IoT Platforms“.



Only single field is required, which is Server Address. This is the same URL of Cumulocity Cockpit website. In this example, it is myservername.cumulocity.com.

Explanation of other options:

Use SSL/TLS – connection will use TLS, however, you need to have a signed SSL certificate, otherwise application would not be able to connect to the Cumulocity server.

Reset Auth – once device has been removed from the Cumulocity Device Management, you will need to reset authentication in order to re-register device.

Also click „Enable“ to enable example application. See below:



Now click „Save“ and if everything is correct – example application will successfully connect to the Cumulocity server.

Now you need to register device on Device Management in Cumulocity Cockpit.

Device registration is done by writing down device's serial number. In order to obtain your device's

serial number, look at the backplate of it or navigate to your device's control panel and then to „Status → Device“ page:



In this case, serial number is 09516845.

Now log into your Cumulocity Cockpit portal, in this example URL is <https://myservername.cumulocity.com>.

Go to the Device Management page:



Then navigate to Registration page:



Click „Register device“:



Click „General device registration“:



Write device's serial number in „Device ID“ field and click „Next“:



As shown below, registration is successful:



Click „Finish“ to close this pop-up. Now if everything is correct, a new device widget should show up with a status „PENDING ACCEPTANCE“:



Click „Accept“ button to accept this device.

Now navigate to „All devices“ page:



Here you should be able to see list of all registered devices:



Click on „TLT-RUT955 Router“ name to get into information page:



Notice „Device Data“ widget, it contains information from the router device. By navigating to „Control“ tab, you can restart device by clicking „More → Restart Device“:



You can go back to Cumulocity Cockpit page the same way you entered Device management page:



Then navigate to „Home“ page:



And then click „Add widget“:



Select „Asset properties“ widget and type title, then select „TLT-RUT955 Router“ in „Target Assets or Devices“:



To add more information into widget, click „Add property“ and click on „Show“ to add that property.

In example application, these properties are used:

Hardware - Model, Revision, Serial Number

Mobile - Cell ID, Connection Type, Current Operator, ICCID, IMEI and Signal

WAN - IP and Wan Type

Total properties:



Then click „Save“ and you should be able to see widget with properties you have set:



Explanation of example application

There are two steps when adding new properties:

1. Writing template
2. Writing lua script which will stream information.

By default, template location inside router is „/usr/lib/lua/cm/srtemplate.txt“. It contains such content:

```
rut955-v0.01

10,100,GET,/identity/externalIds/SerialNumber/%%,,application/json,%%,STRING,
10,101,POST,/inventory/managedObjects,application/json,application/json,%%,ST
RING,"""name""": """%%""", """c8y_IsDevice""" : {}, "com_cumulocity_model_Agent""": {}}
"
```

```

10,102,POST,/identity/globalIds/%%/externalIds,application/json,application/json,%%
STRING STRING,"{""externalId"":"""%""",""type"":""SerialNumber""}""

10,103,PUT,/inventory/managedObjects/%%,application/json,application/json,%%,
STRING STRING STRING,"{""name"": """%""", ""type"": """%"""}"

10,104,PUT,/inventory/managedObjects/%%,application/json,application/json,%%,
STRING STRING STRING STRING STRING,"{""c8y_Hardware"":"
{""model"":"""%""", ""revision"":"""%""", "serialNumber"":"""%"""}}"

10,105,PUT,/inventory/managedObjects/%%,application/json,application/json,%%,
STRING STRING STRING STRING STRING STRING,"{""c8y_Mobile"":"
{""imei"":"""%""", ""cellId"":"""%""", ""iccid"":"""%""", ""connType"":"""%""", ""currentOperat
or"":"""%"""}, ""signal"":"""%"""}"

10,106,PUT,/inventory/managedObjects/%%,application/json,application/json,%%,
STRING STRING
STRING,"{""c8y_Network"":{""c8y_WAN"":{""ip"":"""%"""}}, ""wanType"":"""%"""}"

10,107,PUT,/inventory/managedObjects/%%,application/json,application/json,%%,
UNSIGNED STRING,"{""c8y_SupportedOperations"":[""""%"""]}""

10,108,PUT,/devicecontrol/operations/%%,application/json,application/json,%%,
UNSIGNED STRING,"{""status"":"""%"""}"

11,500,$.managedObject,$.id
11,501,,$.c8y_IsDevice,$.id
11,502,,$.c8y_Restart,$.id,$.deviceId

```

First line contains template version. In this case it is „rut955-v0.01“.

When template is updated, version must be updated aswell, otherwise device will use non-updated template version.

The following lines contains requests starting with a number „10“ and responses - starting with a number „11“. Now explanation of request:

Type - 10

Code - 101

Method - POST

URL - /inventory/managedObjects

Content Type - application/json

Accept - application/json

Placeholder - %%

Params - STRING STRING

Template - JSON

Type - requests are identified by a number 10

Code - request code number, each request must contain unique number

Method - HTTP method of request

URL - URL that will be used in request

Content Type - it is Content-Type header field value

Accept - it is Accept header field value, mostly equal to Content Type

Placeholder - string which will be replaced in URL or Template JSON

Params - what kind of params are replaced, JSON template contains two strings

Template - JSON template which will be sent

Explanation of response:

Type - 11

Code - 502

Cond - <none>

Value 1 - \$.c8y_Restart

Value 2 - \$.id

Value3 - \$.deviceId

Type - responses are identified by a number 11

Code - response code, each response must contain unique number

Cond - JSON path base pointing to an object or object list from which values are extracted

Value... - JSON values

Take a look for more information about templates:

<https://www.cumulocity.com/guides/reference/smartert>.

Now explanation of logic inside lua script. By default, example application's lua script location is „/usr/bin/lua/cm“. Application will scan this folder for any *.lua files and load them if they contains „init“ function. Script's „stream.lua“ content:

```
-- stream.lua
local utl = require "luci.util"
local sys = require "luci.sys"
local DEVICE_NAME = 'TLT-RUT955 Router'
local DEVICE_TYPE = 'Router'
```

```

function restart(r)
    local deviceId = r:value(2)
    c8y:send('108,'..deviceId..',SUCCESSFUL')
    sys.exec("reboot")
end

function init()
    srInfo('*** Stream Init ***')
    -- set device name and type
    c8y:send('103,'..c8y.ID..','..DEVICE_NAME..','..DEVICE_TYPE)
    -- set restart as supported operation
    c8y:send('107,'..c8y.ID..',c8y_Restart')
    -- set imei, cellid and iccid first time
    mobileDataStream()
    -- create timer which will stream mobile info data
    local m_timer = c8y:addTimer(10 * 1000, 'mobileDataStream')
    m_timer:start()
    -- register restart handler
    c8y:addMsgHandler(502, 'restart')
    return 0
end

function mobileDataStream()
    local imei = utl.trim(sys.exec("gsmctl -i"))
    local cell = utl.trim(sys.exec("gsmctl -C"))
    local icc = utl.trim(sys.exec("gsmctl -J"))
    local type = utl.trim(sys.exec("gsmctl -t"))
    local oper = utl.trim(sys.exec("gsmctl -o"))
    local sign = utl.trim(sys.exec("gsmctl -q"))..' dBm'
    local req = '105,'..c8y.ID
    req = req..','..imei
    req = req..','..cell
    req = req..','..icc
    req = req..','..type
    req = req..','..oper
    req = req..','..sign
    -- send mobile info
    c8y:send(req)
    local wantype = utl.trim(sys.exec("uci get -q network.wan.ifname"))
    local wanip = utl.trim(sys.exec("curl -s http://whatismyip.akamai.com"))
    -- send wan info
    c8y:send('106,'..c8y.ID..','..wanip..','..wantype)
end

```

Once application finds lua script, it will call „init“ function. This is where all initialization of timers and other stuff should be.

Sending information is quite simple:

```
c8y:send('103,'..c8y.ID..','..DEVICE_NAME..','..DEVICE_TYPE)
```

By using „c8y:send“ function, first string contains request code, which was defined in the template,

earlier. Then comma must appear after each value. The above line shows how we update device name and device type with our own.

For more information about Lua API, download Cumulocity C++ SDK:

<https://bitbucket.org/m2m/cumulocity-sdk-c/downloads> and look up inside „sdk/doc/lua.html“ with a browser.

External Links

<https://www.cumulocity.com/try-for-free>

<https://www.cumulocity.com/guides/reference/smarterest>

<https://bitbucket.org/m2m/cumulocity-sdk-c/downloads>

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