RUT850 GPS

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The information in this page is updated in accordance with the <u>RUT850_R_00.01.04</u> firmware version.

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Summary

The **Global Positioning System** (**GPS**) is a space-based radionavigation system. This page is an overview of the GPS service in RUT850 routers.

Map

The **Map** page displays the device's current coordinates and position on the map. To see the device's location on the map, make sure to attach the GPS antenna on the router and enable GPS in the <u>General</u> page.

The figure below is an example of the Map page:

File:Networking device manual gps map v2.png

General

The **General** section is used to enable the GPS service and the support for different types satellites. Once you turn on GPS, you can check the <u>Map</u> page in order to see if the router has obtained a GPS fix. It is very important to attach the GPS antenna on the router and place it outside (not inside of a building). The router will not be likely to obtain a GPS fix otherwise.

The figure below is an example of the General page.



NMEA

The **NMEA** page is used to configure settings related to NMEA sentence collecting and forwarding.

NMEA forwarding

The **NMEA forwarding** section is used to configure and enable NMEA forwarding. The figure below is an example of the NMEA forwarding section and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that section:

File:Networking device manual gps nmea nmea forwarding v2.png

Field	Value	Description
Enabled	yes no; default: no	Turns NMEA forwarding on or off.
Hostname	e ip host; default: 192.168.1.5	IP address or hostname of the server to which NMEA data will be forwarded.
Port	integer [065535]; default: 8500	Port number off the server to which NMEA data will be forwarded.
Protocol	TCP UDP; default: TCP	Protocol that will be used to send NMEA data.

NMEA forwarding cache

The router **caches NMEA forwarding** information if NMEA forwarding is enabled. This section is used to select the memory type where the cache will be stored and the maximum amount of data that will be saved:

File: Networking device manual gps nmea nmea forwarding cache v2.png

Field	Value	Description
Type	ram flash; default: ram	Selects which type of memory will be used for storing NMEA forwarding cache.
Maximum sentences	integer; default: 5000	Maximum amount of NMEA sentences that will be saved in the cache before older entries are deleted and replaced by new ones.

filepath; default: File

none

Location of the file where NMEA forwarding cache information will be stored. This field becomes visible only when the selected

memory type is "flash".

NMEA collecting

The **NMEA** collecting section is used to enable NMEA sentence gathering and storing. The figure below is an example of the NMEA collecting section and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that section:

File: Networking device manual gps nmea nmea collecting v2.png

Field **Value Description**

Enabled yes | no; default: no

Turns NMEA sentence collecting on or off.

Location filepath; default: none

Location of the file where NMEA sentences will be stored. This field becomes visible only when NMEA collecting is enabled.

NMEA sentence settings

The **NMEA** sentence settings section provides the possibility to configure which NMEA sentences will be forwarded or collected and at what frequency. The figure below is an example of the NMEA sentence settings section and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that section:



Field Value

Description

Forwarding enabled yes | no; default: **no** Enables forwarding for the adjacent NMEA sentence.

Forwarding interval integer; default: 5 NMEA sentence forwarding frequency in seconds.

yes | no; default: **no** Enables collecting for the adjacent NMEA sentence. Collecting enabled

Collecting interval integer; default: **5** NMEA sentence collecting frequency in seconds.

NMEA sentence reference table:

NMEA sentence name Description

GPGSV Number of GPS satellites in view.

GPGGA GPS fix data.

GPVTG Track made good and speed relative to the ground. Recommended minimum specific GPS/Transit data. **GPRMC**

GPS DOP and active satellites **GPGSA**

HTTPS

The **HTTPS** page can be used to configure data sending to an HTTP(S) server.

HTTPS/HTTP Server Settings

The **HTTPS/HTTP Server Settings** section is used to enable GPS data sending to an HTTP or HTTPS server:

File:Networking device manual gps https https server settings v2.png

Field	Value	Description
Enabled	l yes no; default: no	Turns data sending to an HTTP/HTTPS server on or off.
URL	ip host; default: 192.168.1. 5	5 IP address or hostname of the HTTP/HTTPS server.

TAVL Settings

The TAVL Settings section is used to select which data will be sent to the TAVL server:



Field	Value	Description
Send GSM signal	yes no; default: no	Includes GSM signal strength information in the GPS data sent to server. $$
Send analog input	yes no; default: no	Includes analog input state in GPS data package to be sent to server.
Send digital input (1)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #1 state in the GPS data sent to server.
Send digital input (2)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #2 state in GPS data package to be sent to server.

AVL

The AVL page is used to set up GPS data sending to an AVL server.

AVL Server Settings

The **AVL Server Settings** section is used to configure the main parameters of data sending to an AVL server. The figure below is an example of the AVL Server Settings section and the table below provides information on the fields contained in that section:



Field	Value	Description	
Enabled	yes no; default: no	Turns data sending to AVL server on or off.	
Hostname ip host; default: 192.168.1.5		IP address or hostname of an AVL server.	
Port	integer [065535]; default: 8501	TCP/UDP port number of the AVL server to which the router will be connecting.	
Protocol	TCP UDP; default: TCP	Protocol that will be used for communication with the AVL server.	

Main rule

The **Main rule** section defines how and when GPS data will be collected and sent to a specified AVL server. Refer to the figure and table below for information on the configuration fields of Main Rule.

File:Networking device manual gps avl main rule v3.png

Field	Value	Description
Enable	yes no; default: yes	Turns the main rule on or off.
Rule priority	Low priority level High priority level Panic priority level Security priority level; default: Low priority level	The rule's priority. Different priority settings add different flags to event packets, so they can be displayed differently in the receiving system. The router sends data of higher priority first. Priority levels from highest to lowest are as follows: 1. Security 2. Panic 3. High 4. Low
Collect period	integer [1999999]; default: 50	How often (in seconds) data will be collected.
Min distance	integer [1999999]; default: 50	Minimum distance change (in meters) before sending records.
Min angle	integer [1360]; default: 50	Minimum angle change (in degrees) before sending records.
Min saved records	integer [132]; default: 20	Minimum amount of gathered records before sending.
Send period	integer [0999999]; default: 20	How often (in seconds) gathered data is sent.

Secondary Rules

The **Secondary rules** section provides you with the possibility to create additional data sending rules. The difference from the main rule is that the secondary rules only send data when the router uses a specified type of WAN and when the digital isolated output is in the specified state.

Refer to the figure and table below for information on the configuration fields of the Secondary rules section.

File: Networking device manual gps avl secondary rules v3.png

Field	Value	Description
Enable	yes no; default: no	Turns the secondary rule on or off.
WAN	Mobile Both Mobile Home Mobile Roaming WiFi Wired; default: Mobile Home	Selects which type of WAN will trigger the rule.
Digital Isolated Input	Low logic level High logic level Both; default: Low logic level	Selects which input state will trigger the rule.

Rule priority	Low priority level High priority level Panic priority level Security priority level; default: Low priority level	The rule's priority. Different priority settings add different flags to event packets, so they can be displayed differently in the receiving system. The router sends data of higher priority first. Priority levels from highest to lowest are as follows: 1. Security 2. Panic 3. High 4. Low
Collect period	integer [1999999]; default: 25	How often (in seconds) data will be collected.
Min distance	integer [1999999]; default: 200	Minimum distance change (in meters) before sending records.
Min angle	integer [1360]; default: 30	Minimum angle change (in degrees) before sending records.
Min saved records	integer [132]; default: 20	Minimum amount of gathered records before sending.
Send period	integer [0999999]; default: 50	How often (in seconds) gathered data is sent.

AVL Configuration

The AVL Configuration section is used to add additional secondary GPS data sending rules.

File:Networking device manual gps avl gps configuration v2.png

TAVL Settings

The **TAVL Settings** section is used to select which data will be sent to the TAVL server:



Field	Value	Description
Send GSM signal	yes no; default: no	Includes GSM signal strength information in the GPS data sent to server. $$
Send analog input	yes no; default: no	Includes analog input state in GPS data package to be sent to server.
Send digital input (1)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #1 state in the GPS data sent to server.
Send digital input (2)	yes no; default: no	Includes digital input #2 state in GPS data package to be sent to server.

GPS Geofencing

A **geofence** is a virtually defined boundary for a real-world geographic area. The GPS Geofencing page provides you with the possibility to set this custom area and apply rules that will inform you when the device leaves or enters the geofence.

File:Networking device manual gps gps geofencing 1 v2.png

The figure below is an example of GPS Geofencing configuration and the table below provides information related to that configuration:

File:Networking device manual gps gps geofencing details v2.png

Field	Value	Description
Enable	yes no; default: no	Turns the Geofence rule on or off
Longitude (X)	degrees [-180.000000180.000000]; default: 0.000000	East-west position of a point on the Earth's surface. Combining this and the Latitude information will produce a point on the world map that will serve as the center of the geofence area.
Latitude (Y)	degrees [-90.00000090.000000]; default: 0.000000	North-south position of a point on the Earth's surface. Combining this and the Longitude information will produce a point on the world map that will serve as the center of the geofence area.
Radius	integer [1999999]; default: 200	Radius (in meters) of the geofence area.
Generate event on	Exit Enter Enter/exit; default: Exit	Specifies whether the rule should be triggered when the device enters the geofence area, leaves it or on both events.
Get current coordinates	- (interactive button)	Obtains the device's current coordinates and places them in the Longitude and Latitude fields.

See also

• RUT850 GPS Protocols