TRB500 Routes

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The information in this page is updated in accordance with firmware version **TRB5 R 00.07.07.1**

Note: Firmware versions before TRB5_R_00.07.04.4 will not be supported by devices from batch 09 and higher..

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Summary

The **Routes** page displays the router's ARP table and active IPv4 and IPv6 routes. This chapter is an overview of the Routes page of TRB500 routers.

If you're having trouble finding this page or some of the parameters described here on your device's WebUI, you should **turn on "Advanced WebUI" mode**. You can do that by clicking the "Advanced" button, located at the top of the WebUI.



General Routes

ARP

The **Address Resolution Protocol** (**ARP**) is a communication protocol used for mapping an Internet Protocol address (IP address) to a physical machine's link layer address (MAC address) belonging to the local network.

The ARP section displays the router's **ARP cache** (also known as ARP table) data. The ARP cache contains information on each known MAC address and its corresponding IP address. When the router receives a packet destined for a local host, the ARP program attempts to find a physical host or MAC address in the ARP cache that matches the IP address. If the ARP cache doesn't contain the

needed IP address, ARP broadcasts a request packet to all LAN machines in order to find the device with the IP address in question.

The figure below is an example of the ARP cache section:



Field name Value Description

IP address ip; Default: **none** IP address of a local host.

MAC address mac; Default: **none** MAC address of a local host.

Interface string; Default: **none** Interface through which the router is associated with the host.

You can also view the ARP cache via shell using the **arp** or **ip neigh** commands, depending on which output your prefer:

root@Teltonika-TRB500:~# arp

IP address HW type Flags HW address Mask

Device

192.168.1.151 0x1 0x2 18:d6:c7:00:00:00 * br-

lan

root@Teltonika-TRB500:~# ip neigh

192.168.1.151 dev br-lan lladdr 18:d6:c7:00:00:00 REACHABLE

IPv4 Routes

The **IPv4 Routes** section displays the router's **routing table**. A routing table contains a list of routes to network destinations associated with and known by the router.

The figure below is an example of the Active IP routes section:



Field name	Value	Description
Network	string; Default: none	Associated network interface name.
Target	ip ip/netmask; Default: none	Destination network address.
IPv4 gateway	ip; Default: none	Indicates the IP address of the gateway through which the target network can be reached.
Metric	integer [04,294,967,295]; Default: none	Metrics help the router choose the best route among multiple feasible routes to a destination. The route will go in the direction of the gateway with the lowest metric value.
Table	string integer; Default: none	Name or number of the associated routing table.

You can also view the routing table via shell using the **route** or **ip route** commands, depending on which output your prefer:

root@Teltonika-TRB500:~# route

Kernel IP routing table

Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface

 default
 192.168.2.1
 0.0.0.0
 UG
 0
 0
 0 eth1

 192.168.1.0
 *
 255.255.255.0
 U
 0
 0
 0 br

lan

root@Teltonika-TRB500:~# ip route
default via 192.168.2.1 dev eth1
192.168.1.0/24 dev br-lan proto kernel scope link src 192.168.1.1

IPv6 routes

The **IPv6 Routes** section displays the router's IPv6 routing table.

The figure below is an example of the IPv6 routes section:



Field name Value **Description** Network string; Default: none Associated network interface name. Target ip6 | ip6/netmask; Default: none Destination network address. IPv6-Gateway ip6 | ip6/netmask; Default: none Source of the network address. Metrics help the router choose the best route among multiple feasible routes to a destination. integer [0..4,294,967,295]; Default: Metric none The route will go in the direction of the gateway with the lowest metric value. Name or number of the associated routing Table string | integer; Default: **none** table.

You can also view the routing table via shell using the **route -A inet6** or **ip -6 route show** commands, depending on which output your prefer:

root@Teltonika-TRB500:~# ip -6 route

fdb2:7fc0:b88f::/64 dev br-lan proto static metric 1024

ff00::/8 dev eth1 proto kernel metric 256 ff00::/8 dev br-lan proto kernel metric 256 ff00::/8 dev ath1 proto kernel metric 256

IPv6 Neighbours

The **IPv6 Neighbours** section displays IPv6 associated neighbours.

The figure below is an example of the Active IPv6 Neighbours section:

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Field name Value Description

IPv6 Address ip6; Default: **none** IPv6 address of the associated neighbour.

MAC Address ip6; Default: **none** MAC address of the associated neighbour. Interface string; Default: **none** Name of the associated network interface.

Dynamic routes

The **Dynamic routes** page contains multiple sections, each of which displays the routing data of a Dynamic Routing protocol supported by the device. Data is only displayed once a protocol is configured and enabled. Else, each section is empty.

